

DEMOCRATS KEEP TAX ON POOR MAN'S BUTTER

Republican Senators Protest in Vain Against Retaining Duty on Peanut Oil.

OLIVE OIL RATES REDUCED

Judiciary Committee to Investigate Statement That Merchants' Exchange Helped Frame Tariff Bill.

[From The Tribune Bureau.] Washington, July 26.—Imposition of a tax on peanut oil, an ingredient of butter or oleomargarine, on lemon oil, and of other essential oils used in the manufacture of cheap soaps, was assailed in vain by the Republicans in the Senate today, when the work of approving the tariff bill was resumed. An amendment to substitute the present rates on olive oil for the rates proposed by the Democratic bill also failed. Whether the amendments proposed increases or decreases of duties the Democrats stood firm.

Progress on the bill has been slow, but the Democratic leaders are hopeful that as soon as it becomes generally apparent that no amendments will be adopted the Republicans will cease to offer them and that the bill will be allowed to pass without much delay.

Senator Sherman entered the lists as the chief assailant of the Democratic measure today, declaring that by the imposition of a duty of 6 cents a gallon on peanut oil the Democrats were laying a tax on artificial butter, which was used generally by the laboring man, who could not pay the high prices demanded for real butter. He also insisted that the tax levied on essential oils would increase the cost of making the cheaper grades of soap.

"The policy that seems to run through the whole bill," said Senator Sherman, "is to tax the raw material and remove the duty or decrease it materially on the finished product."

Senator Weeks led the attack on the reduction of the rate on olive oil, protesting that the industry in California, which had grown considerably in the last six years, would be seriously crippled, if not destroyed.

Discussion of these amendments led Senator Johnson, who is the principal defender of the chemical schedule, to admit again today that the Democratic members of the Finance Committee had done the best they could to reduce rates, taking conditions as they had found them. The present rate on olive oil, he said, was excessive.

"If you find the present rate on olive oil to be excessive," asked Senator Brewster, "why did you not find the rate on potato starch, manufactured from potatoes, which is equally high, to be excessive?"

Senator Johnson answered that the rate had been materially reduced in both cases.

Senator Lippitt called to the attention of the lobby investigating committee today a published interview with Chairman Downing, of the New York Merchants' Exchange, in which it was asserted that the representatives of the association had much to do with framing the administrative amendments of the tariff bill in the interest of the importers. Senator Cummins said the matter would be investigated by the Committee on Judiciary, which has general charge of the lobby investigation.

All the paragraphs of the chemical schedule were approved today with the exception of those referring to barytes and lead products, which were passed over by request.

TO AMEND ALDRICH LAW

Senator Clapp Would Change Emergency Currency Tax.

Washington, July 26.—Senator Clapp proposed today an amendment to the Aldrich-Vreeland law to permit emergency currency issued under it to circulate at the same tax for three months as it now would circulate for one month.

"There is a growing feeling," said Senator Clapp, "that it would be unwise to have general currency revision at this special session. Bankers have advised me that if this rate of tax can be extended to cover three months the currency available would suffice to meet any emergency at this time."

TROOPS AT COPPER MINES

Soldiers Sent to South Range Because of Disorder.

Calumet, Mich., July 26.—Sheriff Crane, of Houghton County, announced late today that he had no present intention of asking Governor Ferris to come to the copper country. The announcement came after a conference of the sheriff, General Abney and officials of all the principal mining companies at which plans were discussed for the disposition of the troops in the district.

The recurrence of outbreaks by strikers on the south range led to a decision to send troops there, and the Grand Rapids battalion of four companies was detained at Houghton this afternoon.

PRESIDENT'S OLD BODYGUARD FOR A BANKER

"Silent Bill" McDonald Gets Wilson to Free Man "Bill" Was Sure Was a Democrat.

[From The Tribune Bureau.] Washington, July 26.—When President Wilson a few days ago pardoned a Texas banker who had been sent to the penitentiary for violation of the national banking laws few persons knew that he did so at the request of his old bodyguard, "Silent Bill" McDonald, who came all the way from Dallas, Tex., to lay the case before him. "Silent Bill" is now United States Marshal for the Northern District of Texas, thanks to the President, and one of his first duties was to take the convicted banker to the penitentiary to serve a five-year term. On the way the banker told his story to "Bill," and so impressed was the veteran ranger that he at once started an investigation on his own account.

In the meantime friends of the banker had succeeded in getting the sentence reduced from five years to a year and a day. But this did not satisfy "Bill." He had found that all the man had told him was true, and he did not hesitate to say that no innocent man was going to stay in the penitentiary if he could help it. His friends said he was foolish to proceed any further, as everything possible had been done.

"No it hasn't," said "Bill." "Doddum, I'll pay my own fare to Washington and lay this case before the President rather than see an innocent man do time in the penitentiary. I know the man is innocent, and I won't rest easy until he is freed."

So last Saturday morning "Bill" packed his suitcase and started for Washington, armed with the papers in the case.

On his arrival here he went at once to the Department of Justice, where he was told that nothing further could be done for the banker. "Well, we'll see about that," said "Bill."

"Bill" saw the President on Tuesday and the next day the banker was pardoned.

The former bodyguard of the President started back to Texas to-night as light hearted as a school boy. He was pleased with his deed.

"Bill" said he liked his new job as marshal. "I usually go after the bad ones myself," he declared. "I might send one of my deputies, but I get lonesome when there is no excitement around."

President Wilson has a deep affection for his old bodyguard, and when in the capital "Bill" is a daily caller at the White House.

DAVIS SOLICITOR GENERAL

West Virginia Representative Named by President.

Washington, July 26.—John William Davis, of Clarksville, W. Va., Representative of the 1st West Virginia Congress District, was nominated today by President Wilson to be Solicitor General of the United States.

Mr. Davis was the choice of Attorney General McReynolds from a long list of prominent lawyers to fill the important \$10,000 post. He will be the second ranking legal officer of the country and the government's representative before the Supreme Court. Under the statute the Solicitor General is the only official of the Department of Justice who must be a lawyer, not excepting the Attorney General.

The office has been vacant since the resignation of John Marshall Bullitt, of Louisville, several months ago. James A. Fowler, assistant to the Attorney General, has acted as Solicitor General during the interim.

The Senate Foreign Relations Committee decided today to favorably report the nomination of James W. Gerard, of New York, for Ambassador to Germany; Frederick C. Penfield, of Pennsylvania, for Ambassador to Austria; Charles S. Hartman, of Montana, for Minister to Ecuador, and Joseph E. Willard, of Virginia, for Minister to Spain.

DEATH MARS AUTO TRIP

Escort of Indiana Travellers Killed in California.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.] Sacramento, Cal., July 26.—The first fatality in the tour of the Indiana Automobile Manufacturers' Association from Indianapolis to the Pacific occurred late this afternoon. One man was killed and four others were injured when the driver of an escorting automobile from the coast tried to keep from running down a motorcyclist and turned his car over in the ditch.

J. S. Appel, San Francisco representative of "Motor Field," was killed. His skull was fractured and both arms were broken.

Frank McDonald, the motorcyclist, suffered a broken skull, but there are hopes for his recovery. E. E. Westergreen, of San Francisco; Frank Herman, correspondent of "The Evening Post," of San Francisco, and James Shock, the driver, were injured, but not fatally.

The car, which had shown the way from Lake Tahoe, was travelling at a great speed and was far in advance of the motorcyclist when he was struck. The accident occurred while the car was running about twenty-eight miles an hour. The accident was caused by the motorcyclist sweeping in front of the car. The driver turned his machine for the ditch, and as it climbed the bank it upset.

Members of the Hooper party are downcast over the accident to the men who came out to meet them. It is the second time since the journey began that something has happened to the party.

Officials on the tour say that escorting parties always travel too fast. The tourists are expected to average twenty miles an hour, but they have averaged more than thirty miles.

The tourists ran 125 miles from Lake Tahoe to this city today. Tomorrow the party will be from this city to Oakland, whence the party will leave for San Francisco the following day.

NO MONEY, NO FUNERAL

Woman, Dying Near Husband's Body, Accuses Undertaker.

Lying in a faint and half dead with starvation, Mrs. Katherine Zollstadt, twenty-seven years old, was found yesterday morning on the floor beside the body of her husband, who had died Thursday in his apartment, at No. 143 Thompson street. She was afflicted with tuberculosis and was unable to work. On Thursday the sick man died. Mrs. Zollstadt summoned an undertaker, who came to the home with an icebox to prepare the body for burial. But, according to the neighbors, when he saw that there was no money in the family to pay the burial expenses he left and did not return to complete the work.

From that time until yesterday the dead man was said to have lain in the empty box without any further attention from the undertaker. Neighbors, knowing that a death had occurred in the Zollstadt family, became anxious when no funeral was held yesterday. Dominick Volpe, the landlord of the tenement house, entered the Zollstadt apartment and found the wife unconscious on the floor beside the box containing the body of her husband.

Ambulance Surgeon Hand answered a call for an ambulance and took the woman to St. Vincent's Hospital. Mrs. Zollstadt was so weak from lack of nourishment that she was unable to stand. It was thought that worry over the death of her husband had also affected her mind.

SHOOTS AT RICH CALLER

Woman Says Millionaire Is Father of Her Child.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.] Pittsburgh, July 26.—When he told her of his recent marriage, Miss Alice Hopkins, forty years old, fired several shots at C. H. Wisner, a millionaire coal operator, in her apartments on Fifth avenue this afternoon.

Wisner's chauffeur, hearing the shooting, ran into the house and wrested the muzzle against Wisner's back. The millionaire drove rapidly away in his car to his home in Dravosburg, where the police placed him under arrest to-night.

Miss Hopkins said she and Wisner had been keeping company for eleven years. She asserts Wisner repeatedly promised to marry her, but instead not long ago married Miss Nellie Cassner, of Reynolds town. Miss Hopkins says Wisner is the father of her two-year-old daughter.

WON'T HAVE NICARAGUA PATTERNED AFTER CUBA

Members of Foreign Relations Committee Make Bryan Redraft Treaty.

CALL AMENDMENT DRASTIC

Protectorate Provisions To Be Revised—No Responsibility for Debts Already Incurred.

[From The Tribune Bureau.] Washington, July 26.—Secretary Bryan appeared before the Foreign Relations Committee today with a draft of the proposed treaty with Nicaragua, providing for the establishment of a protectorate over that country by the United States. The treaty, the Secretary said, was ready for the signatures, but after an extended conference, during which many objections were advanced against it, he decided on a revision of its terms. He will submit it to the committee again on Tuesday.

The treaty drafted by Mr. Bryan contains, with little modification, the language of the Platt amendment providing for an American protectorate over Cuba. Members of the Foreign Relations Committee objected to the application of the provisions of the Platt amendment to Nicaragua on the ground that it was too sweeping and that the conditions in the two cases were radically different. Cuba came into the hands of this country through conquest and the responsibility incurred thereby was much more direct than exists in the case of Nicaragua.

It also developed that by the terms of the agreement originally outlined by Secretary Bryan Nicaragua would have been prevented from ever joining with other republics to form a single Central American union. This was not contemplated by the administration, and the suggestion has created suspicion among other Central American countries.

Specific Assurance.

It was agreed that the original draft of the treaty should be changed, and definite statements be included in the compact, providing that it should not stand in the way of any future action Nicaragua might decide to take toward joining a Central American combination.

Secretary Bryan assured the committee that the government was making no direct proposals to other Central American countries for similar treaties. The Nicaraguan situation was peculiar, he said, because that country proposed the negotiations and asked for the establishment of the American protectorate. In the case of other countries the United States is "holding itself open" to treat with them, if the suggestion comes from their governments.

Senators, taking the view that the new treaty is in effect the formulation of a most important international policy, a development of the Monroe Doctrine, are disposed to go slowly before they consent to it. In detail, Mr. Bryan, desiring to meet all objections before submitting it formally to the Senate for ratification, will conform so far as possible to their views.

Mr. Bryan explained today that it was the purpose of this government to secure by the terms of the treaty a site for a naval station in Fonseca Bay, which could be used as a base for the defence and protection of the Panama Canal. This phase of the plans also includes the fortification of Little Corn and Great Corn islands in the Bay of Fonseca.

Only Option on Canal.

The granting of the canal site by Nicaragua is merely a precautionary measure. Mr. Bryan said that this was included to prevent a possible unfriendly or hostile nation from building a canal and to retain control of the site, which might become of value in the future, in case the Panama Canal should be overtaxed. Some suggestion was made that the interest of Costa Rica in the San Juan River might prove an obstacle, but Mr. Bryan expressed the belief that this could be adjusted without serious difficulty.

These provisions of the proposed treaty met with no objection from members of the committee. The provisions for the protectorate, however, were found to be unsatisfactory. Mr. Bryan was cautioned not to involve the United States in any responsibility for the debts of Nicaragua already incurred, although it was understood that provision would be made by which the United States would scrutinize all debts that might be incurred in the future. He was also cautioned to enforce upon the freedom of action of Nicaragua as little as possible consistent with the purpose to be accomplished.

With a full understanding of the attitude of the committee, Secretary Bryan will hold further conferences with the Nicaraguan Minister and will revise the treaty before he submits it for further scrutiny.

BULLETS IN HALLWAY

Man and Woman Found Wounded by Patrolman.

A fusillade of shots about 6:30 o'clock last evening caused Patrolman Toohy, of the East 22d street station, to dash into the hallway of No. 211 East 14th street, from which the sound of the shots issued. There he found a man and a woman, both wounded by revolver bullets, standing in the hallway. Two revolvers and a large carving knife were found lying on the floor. Neither the man nor the woman was seriously injured, and at Bellevue Hospital it was said they would soon be discharged.

Before sending the man and the woman to the hospital Toohy questioned them regarding the shooting. The man, who gave his name as Michael Schlosser, a salesman, of No. 221 East 17th street, said he had been visiting a friend on the second floor of the house and was on his way to the street when he passed the woman, Mrs. Gussie Steinberg, who lives in the house, in the hallway.

At this moment, according to Schlosser, two men in the rear of the hallway attacked him, firing seven shots from their revolvers and cutting him on the cheek with the knife. One of the bullets entered Schlosser's right forearm, inflicting a flesh wound. Another bullet entered Mrs. Steinberg's left side, but did not touch any vital organ. The men who fired the shots disappeared before the arrival of the patrolman.

A large crowd rapidly collected on the block, which is between Second and Third avenues and is known as "Soubrette Row," being populated largely by chorus girls. So dense did the crowd become that Inspector Gillen, who was on the scene immediately after the shooting, ordered out the reserves from the East 22d street and East 8th street stations.

DEMOCRATS YIELD ON "WHITE SLAVE" CASES

Filibuster in House Forces Them to Let Republicans Debate Question.

TO GET WANTED TELEGRAM

Suppressed Message Said to Have Ordered McNab to Delay Diggs-Caminetti Prosecutions on May 16.

[From The Tribune Bureau.] Washington, July 26.—After filibustering for a week the Republicans of the House have won their fight for a full and free discussion of the Caminetti-Diggs "white slave" cases. Democrats who have been active in shutting off debate on this topic, which is embarrassing to the administration, took the back track to-day, and four hours' debate is now scheduled for Tuesday next.

Representative Julius Kahn, who has been forced to withhold a fiery speech for more than ten days, is preparing to go after the Attorney General next week.

The agreement on the most subject of whether the House shall talk about the Caminetti-Diggs controversy was made between Republican leaders and Democrats of the House Judiciary Committee to-day. Representatives Byrnes and McNab, of Tennessee—the home of the Attorney General—who were the ringleaders in putting over the original "gag" motion, capitulated to-day and informed Mr. Kahn that they would interpose no further objection, provided the time for debate is equitably distributed.

It is probable that four hours will be allotted to the discussion of the action of the department in ordering a postponement of the trial, which brought the resignation of District Attorney McNab, of San Francisco.

The Judiciary Committee will report favorably to the House the latest Kahn resolution asking the Attorney General to produce a telegram sent McNab on May 16, a month prior to the interference of Secretary Wilson with the "white slave" affair. Mr. Kahn says this telegram was not furnished the House under his former resolution, which brought stacks of records from the Department of Justice. The telegram of May 16, says Mr. Kahn, was an order to postpone action in the "white slave" cases and was followed by orders for further delay a month later.

The report of the Judiciary Committee will afford the opportunity for debate which the Republicans have been seeking. Mr. Mann has tied up business in the House for the last week because of the "gag" of the Democrats, who are now whipped and willing to let the minority have its say.

FICTION BUMPS INTO FACT

Boarding House Keeper Asks \$35,000 Damages for Story.

Hereafter authors of fiction will doubtless take out insurance to protect themselves against loss through lawsuits brought on the ground of libel. The Red Book Corporation, publisher of the "Red Book Magazine," was sued yesterday in the Supreme Court for a story which it published in 1911, and which it firmly believed to be imaginary, so far as names and illustrations were concerned, according to its answer.

The story was entitled "Pelletier Unashamed." It told of a boarding house keeper with a passion for the theatre and also for a young chorus girl, who came to board in his establishment. The illustrations were in comic vein, and one of them showed Pelletier losing his wig at the ungente hands of his cook.

For a long time the story appeared harmless. Finally, however, it came to the attention of Samuel G. Pelletier, who runs a boarding house on No. 120 West 83d street. He was convinced that the story referred to him, and yesterday asked \$35,000 in return for the ridicule to which the story held him up and \$5,000 for the pictures, which, he maintained, were wrongful and malicious representations of him.

STATE MOOSE MAKE PLANS

Meet at Rochester September 20 for Nominations.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.] Rochester, July 26.—Theodore Douglas Robinson, chairman of the state committee of the Progressive party, presided at an informal conference of party leaders at the Hotel Seneca to-day.

The principal business of the conference was to discuss arrangements for the meeting of the state committee in Rochester on September 20 for the purpose of making party designations to fill the only state offices to be voted upon this fall—two members to sit upon the Court of Appeals bench.

EAST SIDE FACTORY BURNS

Early Closing Hour Averts Possible Loss of Life in Building.

All the fire fighting apparatus on the East Side between 6th street and the Harlem River was called out shortly after 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon to subdue a blaze which broke out on the fourth floor of the five-story brick building at No. 404 to 412 East 10th street.

The fire was thought to have started by spontaneous combustion in the wrapping room of S. Borchardt & Co., manufacturers of overcoats and legging. Twenty minutes after it was discovered it had broken through the roof, which fell a few minutes after Deputy Chief Martin sent in a third alarm.

Later a part of the east wall fell, crashing through the roof of an adjoining corrugated iron structure, where stonecutters were at work. No one was injured. All the employees of the Borchardt concern and the Mutual Iron works, which occupied the first floor of the building, had left at 12 o'clock. The damage was estimated at \$50,000.

HANGS HIMSELF IN JAIL CELL.

Schenectady, July 26.—Frank Hartzell, a Delaware & Hudson brakeman, charged with murder in the first degree, committed suicide to-day by hanging in his cell. The murder for which Hartzell was held occurred on July 9, when he struck Claude Roa, a fellow workman, on the head with a brake stick during a quarrel.

SAY DR. KAPRIELIAN TOOK DEAD MAN'S RING

Stamford Physician Held in Portchester for Robbing Body of Man He Attended on Train.

Charged with stealing a diamond ring from the finger of Charles Fisher as he lay dead in the Mount Vernon station of the New Haven road on the night of May 12, Dr. H. K. Kaprielian, of Stamford, Conn., was arrested yesterday in Portchester. He was indicted by the Westchester Grand Jury Thursday.

Fisher, who was a designer in the fashion plate department of "McCall's Magazine," No. 236 West 37th street, Manhattan and lived at No. 350 Egmont avenue, Mount Vernon, died of heart disease on a New Haven train, when Dr. Kaprielian had attended him. His body was carried to the waiting room of the station when the train reached Mount Vernon. It is charged that pending the arrival of the police the physician took the ring. It has not been recovered.

Dr. Kaprielian to-night stoutly denied the theft. He is locked up at Police Headquarters in Mount Vernon. He refused to discuss the case.

Dr. Kaprielian had presented a bill for \$180 for testifying at the inquest. Coroner Dunn requested the doctor to meet him at Port Chester to receive his fee and sign a receipt. After he was paid he was arrested. The case was referred to in order to get the doctor out of Connecticut into New York State.

Dr. Kaprielian is a Greek, thirty-two years old, and has been three years in Stamford, where he is said to have a large practice.

ACTOR SAVES BOY IN RIVER

Reeves-Smith and His Motor Boat Are Just in Time.

A brief, thrilling and successful attempt to save the life of a drowning boy took place in the Hudson River near 135th street yesterday. The participants were a large captain, the lad and H. Reeves-Smith, English leading man of the "Peg of My Heart" company at the Cort Theatre.

Reeves-Smith was at the helm of his motor cruiser Peter, coming down from 290th street, when he heard cries from a large in tow and repeated whistles from the tug at the power end of the cable. The large captain was heaving a rope in the direction of the helpless swimmer, but it was evident that the object of his cast was only semi-conscious. Putting about, the actor made for the drowning boy, and with the bargeman's rope and Reeves-Smith's arms he was hauled over the side of the Peter.

The boy said that he was John Hesley and that he lived at 90th street and Amsterdam avenue.

MYSTERY IN JACOBY DEATH

Jeweller, Once Taxi Robber Victim, Expires in Friend's Home.

Jacob Jacoby, whose jewellery store was robbed two years ago by taxicab burglars who shot and killed his nephew, named Stern, died suddenly last night in the apartment of Katherine E. Steele, at No. 4 East 90th street.

Dr. George E. Doty, of No. 216 West 38th street, found him dead, probably from apoplexy. Jacoby's store was at 13th street and Sixth avenue, and he lived at No. 132 West 12th street.

Dr. Doty said he was told that when Mr. Jacoby reached the place he complained of feeling ill, and after he had been there a few minutes his condition became serious. Dr. Doty said he was the physician of the occupant of the apartment, but he could not say where she had gone.

COAL MINERS INDICTED

Action by Grand Jury in Cabin Creek District.

Charleston, W. Va., July 26.—The special grand jury which has been investigating conditions in the strike districts of Cabot Creek and Cabin Creek coal fields made a secret report to-day to Judge Henry K. Black, of the Kanawha County Court. Several indictments were returned, but no names will be made public until arrests have been made.

After court adjourned Sheriff Bonner Hill arrested Cleve Lewis and Charles Parker, Cabin Creek miners. They are under indictment in connection with the recent riot in the coal fields.

THINK ELOPERS ARE HERE

Warrants Out for Married Man with Girl or 14.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.] Seaford, Del., July 26.—After searching all day for Luther T. Banning, a married man, thirty-five years old, and Doris Lowe, fourteen years old, who are said to have eloped, Sheriff Bradshaw, of Dorchester County, to-night expressed his belief that the pair were in New York.

It developed to-day that after boarding the midnight train last night the couple followed their pursuers by getting off on the other side of the station and hiding under the freight platform, taking an early morning train for New York.

Mr. Banning's father, who has sworn out a warrant for Banning's arrest, charging him with the abduction of his daughter, said he looks to be fully seventeen years old. She is of one of the oldest and most respected families on the Eastern shore.

FATE HANGS ON ANALYSIS

"Cocaine" Prisoners Held Pending Chemical Test of Powders.

The six men and six women arrested yesterday morning in a raid at No. 13 Bayard street, charged with selling and having cocaine in their possession, when arraigned in the Essex Market court were ordered held until a chemical analysis of the powder seized could be made. Detectives from Inspector Myer's staff brought about the arrests after complaint had been made by the Rev. J. B. Curry, of St. James's Church.

The three men held for selling the drug are Daniel Lawrence, twenty-three years old, of No. 3 Mott street; Samuel Fried, a freeman, of Newark, N. J., and William Goldberg, who gave a fictitious address. Goldberg is said to have been in charge of the place, although no cocaine was found in his possession.

HIGHWAYMEN HELD UP STAGE.

Blairden, Cal., July 26.—Two masked highwaymen, armed with revolvers and rifles, robbed the Blairden, Gold Lake and Green Camp stage yesterday near Gold Lake, a summer resort district in Sierra County. There were ten passengers, including four women.

FREE 21 YEARS, JAIL BREAKER SURRENDERS

Clement Koors Came Here and Married After Escape at Frankfort, Ky.

THEN WIFE GOT IN TOMBS

Coin He Tossed Forbade Suicide, He Says—Woman Calls Him Demented by Worry.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.] Frankfort, Ky., July 26.—Tired of life's troubles, Clement Koors, who escaped from the Frankfort Reformatory on September 6, 1892, walked into Warden Wells's office yesterday and gave himself up. Dusty records were hauled down from the stacks in the storeroom, and identification marks were found to corroborate Koors's statements. With a sigh of relief he donned the second grade prisoner's garb. The twenty-one-year fugitive is now fifty-five years old.

Koors told a dramatic story of his wanderings over the United States and Mexico. In December, 1891, he shot and killed Henry H. Bruns, in Covington, for beating his wife, who was Koors's sister. The following September he was sentenced to life imprisonment and brought to Frankfort. In the course of the next ten years he became a trusty, and in 1892 was employed in the warehouse outside the walls.

Hearing that his sister, for whom he had shot his brother-in-law, was in trouble he became restless, and on Sunday, September 6, 1892, he hid behind a barricade of chairs until the prisoners were marched out. Then he changed his prison garb for a suit he had secured for the purpose, put on a pair of goggles and walked down the street past the prison gate and remained hidden along the river while guards searched all around for him.

Koors said that since his escape he had lived at No. 315 West 27th street, New York, calling himself George Berger, his mother's maiden name. He met a woman whom, he says, he married to save from degradation. She conducted a rooming house, while he worked at the trade of harness maker, learned in prison. The rooming house was raided by the police and his wife was taken to the Tombs ten days ago.

The husband went to visit the prisoner, and while at the Tombs, according to his story, he tossed a dime to decide his fate. The coin directed him back to prison, instead of suicide. He pawned his furniture for railroad fare back to Frankfort.

Mrs. Berger, a worried and tired looking woman, answered the doorbell at the basement of No. 315 West 27th street yesterday.

"My husband has been sick for more than a year and unable to work. Worry has unbalanced his mind," she said. "If he told that story to the warden in Frankfort it was the hallucination of a crazy man. The doctors said he had a nervous disease. He couldn't use his hands."

"When we were married, fifteen years ago, Mr. Berger was a leather worker, and a better man at his trade wasn't to be found. He was a good husband and we lived happily until two years ago, when this trouble came on him. A specialist told him that his nerves were bad and that half his troubles were imaginary. But he could not see that. He worried more and more and grew worse and worse."

"I was obliged to open a boarding house here. Then came the trouble with the police. I was innocent of the charge they brought against me. Last Monday Mr. Berger came to see me in the Tombs. That was the last I saw of him."

"Did he ever tell me that he had been in trouble? No, sir! In the first place he was a man with a very sensitive disposition and as gentle as a child. He was the last man you'd ever think of killing another, no matter what motive he might have."

The caretaker of the apartment, a woman of middle age, corroborated Mrs. Berger's account of Berger's enfeebled mind. She said he was as helpless as a child, while Mrs. Berger was in trouble.

Mrs. Berger gave the name of Lottie Burgess when she was arrested and taken to the West 37th street police station on July 14. She was convicted in the Court of Special Sessions on July 18 and fined \$50. Her fine was paid on Friday.

BOY DESCRIBES KIDNAPPING

Story of Stolen Clements Child Suggests Vendetta Motive.